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**HP 41C PROGRAM SUBMITTAL FORM**  
**PROGRAMMFORMBLATT/DOCUMENTATION DU PROGRAMME/GENERALITÀ SUL PROGRAMMA**

<b>Program Title</b> Programmtitel Titre du programme Titolo del programma		<u>Logit</u>	
<b>Category No.</b> Kategorie Nr. Catégorie N° Categoria N°	<b>Name</b> Rubrik Rubrique Nome della categoria	<u>304</u> <u>716</u>	<u>curve fitting / regression</u> <u>Radio Immuno assay</u>
<b>No. of program lines</b> Anzahl Programmzeilen Nombre de lignes de programme N° di linee di programma	<u>308</u>	<b>No. of data registers</b> Anzahl des benötigten Datenspeicher Nombre de registres de données N° di registri utilizzati	<u>19 + n</u>
<b>Recommended HP 41C System configuration</b> Empfohlene System Konfiguration Configuration recommandée Configurazione raccomandata			
Port # 1	<u>memory module</u>	Port # 2	
Port # 3		Port # 4	
<b>This program requires the following programs as subroutines:</b> Dieses Programm benutzt folgende Programme als Unterprogramme: Ce programme utilise les programmes suivants comme sous-programmes: Questo programma usa i seguenti programmi come subroutines:			
<b>HP Applications ROM</b> HP Applikations ROM ROM d'application HP ROM di applicazione HP		<b>Program Name:</b> Programm: Nom du programme: Programma:	
<b>Program Abstract</b> Kurzbeschreibung Résumé Breve descrizione del programma			
<u>The logit function ( <math>\log y - c / (a - y) = a \log x + b</math> ) is an excellent function for fitting sigmoid and half sigmoid curves. The program seeks for a D (= y max) that gives the best correlation.</u> <u>With a detailed explanation of the program you are shown how to fit the program to your problem. Error corrector for false data input is provided. Also a control of the curve fitting. <math>x \rightarrow y</math> and <math>y \rightarrow x</math>, a, b, <sup>correlation = <math>\frac{a-y}{a}</math> are given</sup> <del>correlation</del> is given.</u> <u>The calculation of a straight line is also possible</u> <u>n = number of x,y pairs times 2</u>			
<b>Name</b> Name/Nom/Nome			
<u>Ed Nieuwenhuys</u>			
<b>Address</b> St-asse/Adresse/Indirizzo			
<u>Uinken street 90 I</u>			
<b>City</b> Ort Localité Città	<b>Postal Code</b> Postleitzahl Code postal C.A.P.	<b>Country</b> Land Pays Paese	
<u>Amsterdam</u>	<u>1013 JV</u>	<u>Holland</u>	
<b>ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT</b> <b>Erklärung und Ermächtigung / Déclaration et Autorisation / Dichiarazione e Autorizzazione</b>			
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<b>Date</b> Datum Date Data	<b>Signature</b> Unterschrift Signature Firma		
<u>10/4/01</u>	<u>Ed Nieuwenhuys</u>		

# PROGRAM DESCRIPTION I

PROGRAMMBESCHREIBUNG I  
DESCRIPTION DU PROGRAMME I  
DESCRIZIONE DEL PROGRAMMA I

Application, Equations, Variables

Anwendung, Gleichungen, Veränderliche  
Application, Equations, Variables  
Applicazione, Equazioni, Variabili

$$\log \frac{y-c}{D-y} = a \log x + b$$

$$C = y_{\text{minimal}}$$

$$D = y_{\text{maximal}}$$

Correlation

$$R = \frac{\sum xy - \frac{\sum x \sum y}{n}}{\sqrt{[\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}] \cdot [\sum y^2 - \frac{(\sum y)^2}{n}]}}$$

$$\frac{\sum xy}{\sqrt{\sum x \sum y}}$$

tga

$$a = \frac{\sum xy - \frac{\sum x \sum y}{n}}{\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}}$$

where  $x = \log \text{entered } x$

$$y = \frac{\text{entered } y - c}{D - \text{entered } y}$$

Intercept

$$b = -a \frac{\sum x}{n} + \frac{\sum y}{n}$$

$$y = \frac{10^{a \log x + b} \cdot D + c}{10^{a \log x + b} + 1}$$

$$x = 10^{\left( \log \frac{y-c}{D-y} - b \right) / a}$$

$$y = \frac{\sum xy \cdot n - \sum x \sum y}{\sum x^2 \cdot n - (\sum x)^2}$$

Operating limits and Warnings

Grenzen und Einschränkungen  
Limites et restrictions  
Limiti operativi e avvertenze

Input of  $x=0$  or  $y=0$  gives a DATA ERROR  
(log of dividing by zero)

After five D increases it is assumed that

the  $x, y$  pairs are on a straight line. The program stops and gives "STRAIGHT LINE". If you don't believe this, press D to continue. Memory 17 is the counter of the loops

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in Program Description II. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Dieses Programm wurde lediglich anhand des in der Programmbeschreibung II enthaltenen Zahlenbeispiels überprüft. Der Benutzer erhält und benutzt das Programmmaterial auf eigenes Risiko hin; er hat es deshalb - gleichgültig, ob es bereits anderweitig präsentiert oder beschrieben wurde - selbst zu untersuchen.

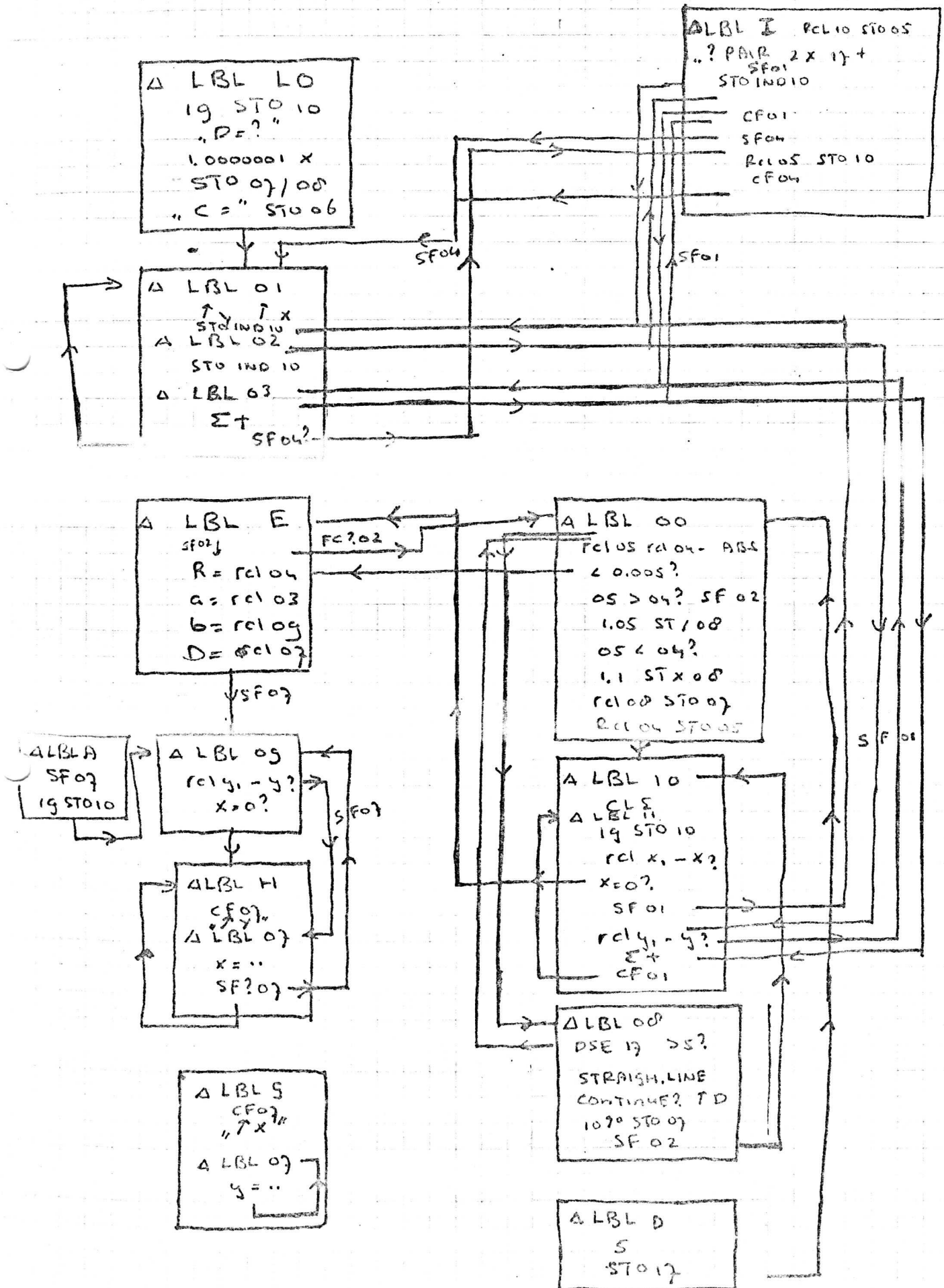
WEDER HP NOCH DER EINSENDER DES PROGRAMMS ÜBERNEHMEN FÜR DAS PROGRAMMATERIAL EINE IRGENDWIE GEARTETE GEWÄHRLEISTUNG ODER HAFTUNG, INSBESONDERE NICHT FÜR SEINE VERKÄUFLICHKEIT ODER SEINE VERWENDBARKEIT FÜR EINEN BESTIMMTEN ZWECK. HP UND DER EINSENDER HAFTEN AUCH NICHT FÜR INDIREKTE ODER FOLGEBADEN.

Le présent programme n'a été vérifié qu'en ce qui concerne l'exemple numérique indiqué dans la description du programme II. L'utilisateur accepte et utilise le présent programme À SES PROPRES RISQUES et doit se fier uniquement à sa propre inspection dudit programme sans se référer à toute autre déclaration et description.

HP ET LE FOURNISSEUR NE DONNENT AUCUNE GARANTIE, EXPRESSE OU IMPLICITE CONCERNANT LE PRÉSENT PROGRAMME, NOTAMMENT DE COMMERCIALISATION ET D'ADAPTATION À UN USAGE PARTICULIER. HP ET LE FOURNISSEUR N'ASSUMENT AUCUNE RESPONSABILITÉ EN CE QUI CONCERNE LES DOMMAGES INDIRECTS NÉS DE LA FOURNITURE, DE L'UTILISATION OU DU FONCTIONNEMENT DU PRÉSENT PROGRAMME.

Questo programma è stato verificato soltanto per quanto concerne l'esempio numerico indicato nella Descrizione del Programma II. L'utilizzatore accetta e utilizzerà il presente programma A SUO INTERO RISCHIO, fidandosi unicamente della propria verifica del programma e non basandosi su altre dichiarazioni o descrizioni.

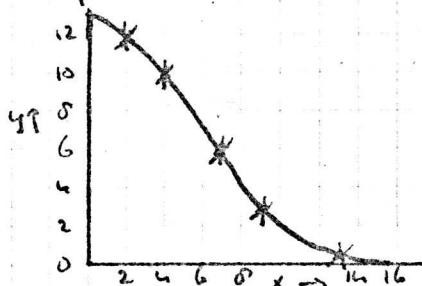
NE LA SOCIETÀ NÉ L'AUTORE DANNO ALCUNA GARANZIA, IMPLICITA O ESPLICITA CONCERNANTE IL PRESENTE PROGRAMMA, IN SPECIAL MODO RIGUARDO ALLA SUA COMMERCIALIZZAZIONE O ADATTAZIONE AD UN USO PARTICOLARE. NE LA SOCIETÀ HP NÉ L'AUTORE ASSUMONO ALCUNA RESPONSABILITÀ PER DANNI IMMEDIATI O MEDIATI CAUSATI DALLA FORNITURA, UTILIZZAZIONE O FUNZIONAMENTO DEL PRESENTE PROGRAMMA.



Start program logit.

The following curve is put in

y	x
12	2
10	4
6	7
3	9
0.5	13



The display shows "D=?". Enter  $y_{max}$  12 R/S  
"C=?" C is zero, just press R/S. "T y T x" is  
shown. Enter the pairs. Oh, Instead of  $y=6$  and  $x=7$   
you entered  $y=6$   $x=0$ . Press I. "? PAIR"

This means which pair went wrong. Press 3 R/S

"T y T x" is asked. Enter the right pair.

This can also be done in a later stadium. you  
have to enter the correct pair. This is controlled by  
flag 4. After entering the pairs, press E. The display  
shows the calculated correlation. The line has a  
negative tangens, so the correlation is also negative

The display shows " - 0.9093 ", " - 0.9653 ", " - 0.9440. "

The correlation lowers, D is decreased by 5%.

(Note flag 2) and the looping stops. " R = 0.953 ) "

press R/S " a = -2.61 ", R/S " b = 1.02 " R/S " D = 13.03 " R/S

The display shows you the X you entered " 2.00 " and  
the calculated X' " X = 2.42 ", R/S " 4.00 ", " X = 3.45 " and so on

After all the pairs have been shown " T y " comes in the  
display to calculate X. Enter a value and press R/S.

When you want to calculate y press 5. " T x " is in the  
display. Enter a x and press R/S.

# PROGRAM DESCRIPTION III

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When you forgot one of the results, press C.

Press A to see back the  $x$  and  $x'$

When you want to continue the looping, thus increasing D again by 10%, because you ~~was~~ think the calculation could maybe be better, press D. The display shows you the old correlation, "-0.9537" The new one "-0.9363"

Which is worse so it decreases D by 5% and stops " $R = -0.9444$ ". If you want to correct an eventual damage <sup>(this one)</sup>, press B, enter the old D (is 13.03 here) press R/S, enter the old C (is zero here) and press R/S and not E, after the display shows " $r_y, r_x$ "

When the display shows ~~the~~ the old correlation "-0.9537" stop the programming and press C

When you press E at the point " $r_y, r_x$ ", D is increased by 10% and this is too high for an optimal correlation

So press A: to see  $x$  and  $x'$  back

B: to enter another D of the old one

C: To see back the results

D: To continue the increasing of D

E: To start calculating

G: To calculate y

H: To calculate x

I: To correct a wrong pair

This is a common program. When you always have the same sort curve, you can change some controls in the program to get better results. With some examples I will show you what to change.

In the logit formula  $\log \frac{y-c}{D-y} = a \log x + b$

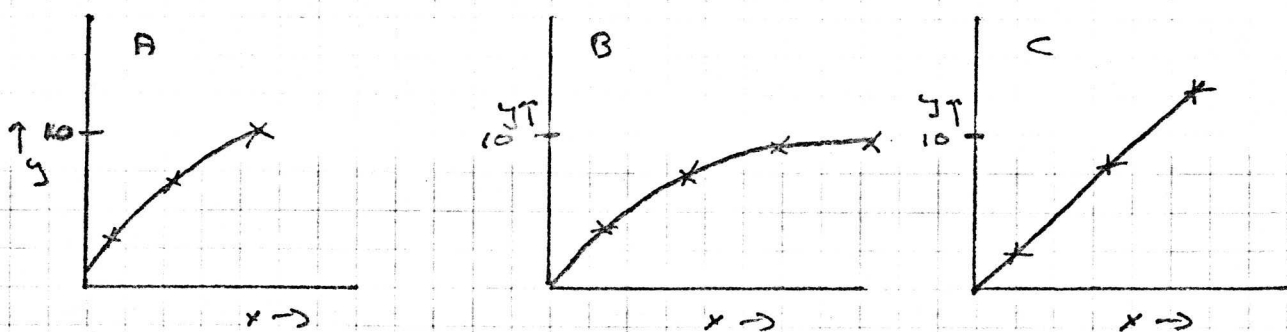
D is y<sub>max</sub> and C is y<sub>min</sub> or the blank

The program is finding such a D that the correlation is optimal.

Every loop the program makes D is increased by 10%, when the correlation lowers, D is lowered by 5% and the correlation corresponding with that D is given.

When the change in correlation is smaller than 0.005 the last correlation is given

There are three sorts of <sup>half sigmoid</sup> curves you can enter



Curve A:

After input of the x,y pairs and  $D=10$   $C=0$  the program will take more than five loops to find the real y<sub>max</sub> (D)

So a few things can be changed. The value of D can be made bigger say 50%. This won't give an optimal correlation.

Making more loops by putting say 20 in STO 13 will cause long execution times.

Starting with a high D can give a bad correlation when this was to high. It is difficult to say what the real D will be in a curve like this one.

These curves are the most difficult ones.

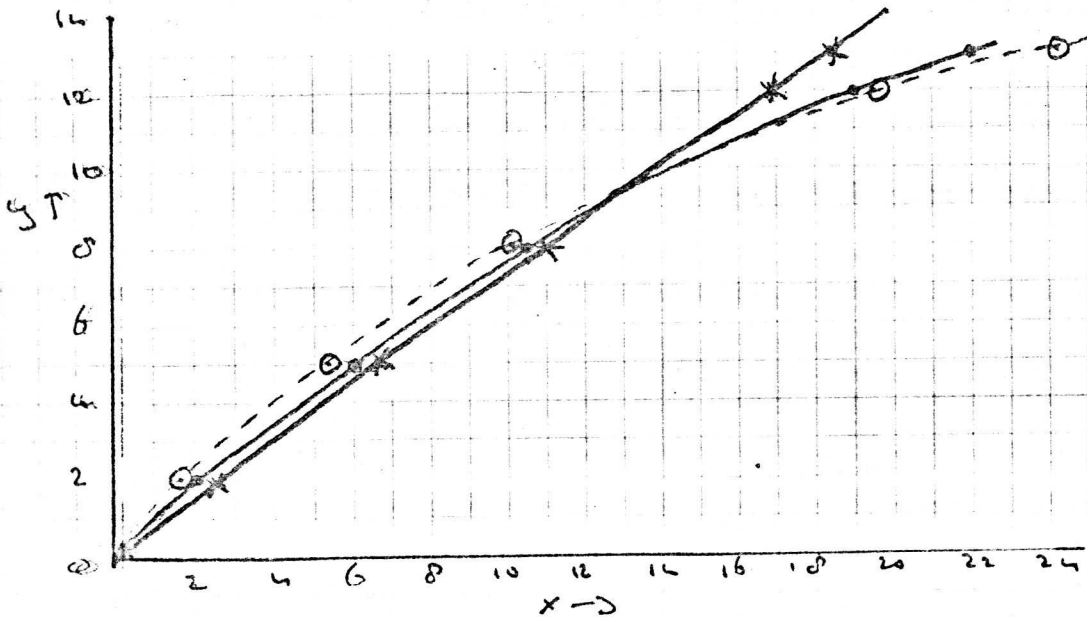
curve B:

This curve won't give many problems. When working with these curves I would lower the correlation change control in step 19.

curve C

This will give "STRAIGHT LINE" and it is for you to decide if you will go on by pressing P or make a straight line of it by pressing R/S so D will be 10<sup>50</sup>.

Now I will give the practical examples:



y	x	x'	DISPLAY
0.01	0.01	0.01	0.6650
2	2	2.53	0.9066
5	6	6.60	0.9941
8	10.5	11.00	0.9971
12	19	16.92	0.9985
13	22	18.42	STRAIGHT LINE
		(x)	CONTINUE? P
D=13			R/S R=0.9986
C=0			a=0.94
		↑	b=-90.00
		calculated	D=1.00 Ego
		back	

We see that the correlation difference is very small between the calculated D after five loops and when D = 10<sup>50</sup>. So it was maybe better to continue

# USER INSTRUCTIONS III

We will do it again and now continuing  
 PRESS B D=13 C=0 and after "TRY X" R/S

step  
chart

y	x	x'
0.01	0.01	0.01
2	2	1.91
5	6	5.39
8	10.5	10.14
12	19	20.27
13	22	24.01

DISPLAY  
 0.6650  
 0.9066  
 0.9941  
 0.9971  
 0.9905  
 STRAIGHT LINE  
 CONTINUE? ↑ D

(0) "D"  
 ↑  
 calculated back  
 R = 0.9997  
 a = 1.03  
 b = -6.31  
 D = 23.03

The program stopped because the correlation increase was smaller than 0.0005 now we will change that in 0.00005 (step 15)

PRESS B D=20 C=0 R/S we know D=20

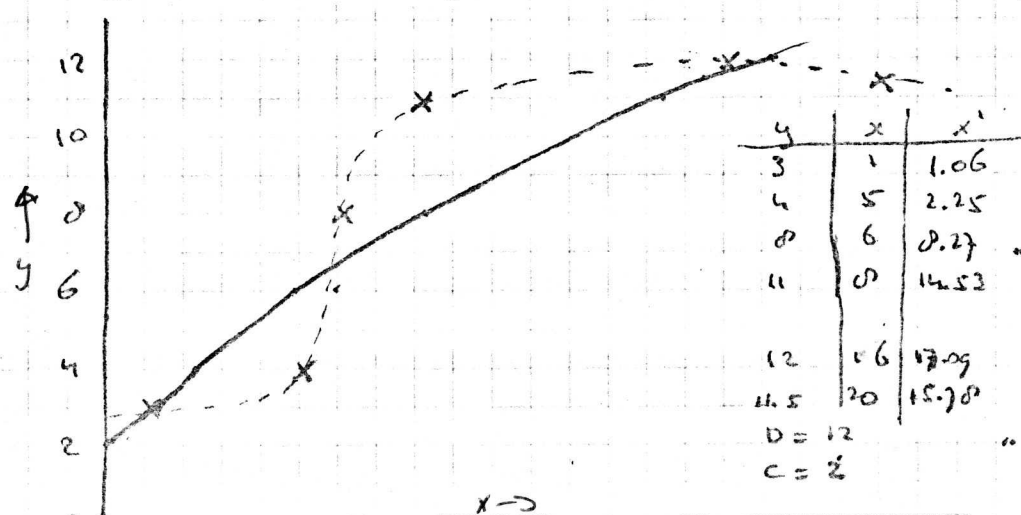
x	x'
0.01	0.01
2	2.06
6	5.75
10.5	10.46
19	19.24
22	22.10

DISPLAY  
 0.9990  
 0.9995  
 0.9998  
 0.9999  
 1.0000  
 R = 1.0000 correlation change < 0.00005  
 a = 1.01  
 b = -6.45  
 D = 29.20

↑  
 calculated back

When we change the correlation change control in zero (15) we will see that the correlation will get higher (fix 9)

Now an example of a sigmoid curve with not so good correlating points.



y	x	x'
3	1	1.06
8	5	2.25
10	6	0.27
11	10	14.53
12	16	17.09
11.5	20	15.70

DISPLAY  
 0.6099  
 0.9068  
 0.9089  
 0.9096  
 0.9100 STRAIGHT LINE  
 "D" 0.9104  
 0.9106  
 0.9108  
 0.9110  
 0.9112 STRAIGHT LINE  
 "C" stop the calculating  
 R = 0.9113  
 a = 0.97

D = 12  
 C = 2



# PROGRAM LISTING

## PROGRAMMAUFLISTUNG LISTAGE DU PROGRAMME LISTATO DI PROGRAMMA

Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Keystrokes Tastentolge Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti	Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Key pressed Tastentolge Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti
01	Δ LBL LO		51	← RTN	
	• CF02			RCL 10	
	CLRG			STOP	
	Δ LBL B			STO IND 10	
05	19		55	X↔Y	
	STO 10			RDN	
	6			Δ LBL 03	
	STO 17			LOG	
	"D=?"			• FS? 01	
10	PROMPT		60	← RTN	
	1.00000001			FS? C 04	
	STO 06			← RTN	
	X			Σ+	
	STO 07		65	CLA	
5	STO 08			ARCL 10	
	0			F/	
	STO 05			ARCL IND 10	
	"C=?"			AVIEW	
	PROMPT			I	
20	RCL 06		70	ST+10	
	/			GO TO 01 →	
	STO 06			Δ LBL E	
	Δ LBL 01			RCL 15	
	• CF01		75	RCL 11	
25	• CF 22			RCL 13	
	FIX 0			X	
	CLA			RCL 16	
	RCL 16			/	
	1			-	
30	+		80	STO 00	
	ARCL X			RCL 12	
	"F/7y 7x"			RCL 11	
	PROMPT			X <sup>2</sup>	
	FIX 2			RCL 16	
35	FC? 22		85	/	
	GO TO 10 →			-	
	STO IND 10			STO 01	
	Δ LBL 02			RCL 14	
	STO 18			RCL 13	
40	RCL 06		90	X <sup>2</sup>	
	-			RCL 16	
	RCL 07			/	
	RCL 10			-	
	-			STO 02	
45	/		95	RCL 00	
	LOG			RCL 01	
	1			/	
	ST+10			STO 03	
	X↔Y			RCL 00	
50	• FS? 01		100	RCL 01	

# PROGRAM LISTING

## PROGRAMMAUFLISTUNG LISTAGE DU PROGRAMME LISTATO DI PROGRAMMA

Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Keystrokes Tastensequenz Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti	Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Key pressed Tastensequenz Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti
101	RCL 02		151	ENTER T	
	X			RCL 07	
	√			X	
	/			RCL 06	
05	STO 04		55	+	
	• FC? C 02			X > Y	
	XEQ 00 ↔				
	Δ LBL C			+	
	FIX 4			/	
10	"R="		60	CLA	
	ARCL 04			ARCL 05	
	PROMPT			"+ 14="	
	FIX 2			ARCL X	
	RCL 11			PROMPT	
15	RCL 16		65	GO TO 06 →	
	/			Δ LBL 10	
	RCL 03			CLΣ	
	X			19	
	CHS			STO 10	
20	RCL 13		70	Δ LBL 11	
	RCL 16			RCL IND 10	
	/			X=0?	
	+			GO TO E →	
	STO 09			• SF 01	
25	"G="		75	XEQ 02 ↔	
	ARCL 03			ENTER T	
	PROMPT			RCL IND 10	
	"b="			XEQ 03 ↔	
	ARCL 09			Σ+	
	PROMPT				
30	"D="		80	ST+10	
	ARCL 07			• CF 01	
	PROMPT			GO TO 11 →	
	• SF 07			Δ LBL 00	
35	20		85	XEQ 07 ↔	
	STO 10			FIX 4	
	GO TO 09 →			CLA	
	Δ LBL 5			ARCL 04	
	• CF 07			ANIEW	
40	"Tx"		90	RCL 05	
	PROMPT			RCL 04	
	Δ LBL 06			-	
	STO 05			ABS	
	LOG			0.00005	
45	RCL 03		95	X > Y?	
	X			GO TO C →	
	RCL 09			RCL 05	
	+			ABS	
	10 <sup>x</sup>			RCL 04	
151	ENTER T		2 (K)	ABS	

# PROGRAM LISTING

## PROGRAMMAUFLISTUNG LISTAGE DU PROGRAMME LISTATO DI PROGRAMMA

Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Keystrokes Tastenfolge Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti	Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Key pressed Tastenfolge Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti
201	$x <= y?$ • SF 02 LOS		251	• SF 02 GO TO 10 → Δ LBL 09	
05	• FS? 02 ST 100 LI		55	• SF 25 CLA RCL IND 10	
	• FC? 02 ST X 00 RCL 00			x = 0? GO TO 4 → FC? 25	
10	STO 07 RCL 04 STO 05 GO TO 10 → Δ LBL H		60	GO TO 4 → ARCL IND 10 AVIEW	
	• CF 07 7y PROMPT		65	L ST - 10 RCL IND 10	
	Δ LBL 07 STO 05 RCL 06			3 ST + 10 x <= y	
20	- RCL 07 RCL 05 -		70	GO TO 07 → Δ LBL A • SF 07	
	/			20 STO 10 GO TO 09 →	
25	LOS RCL 09 -		75	Δ LBL P 6	
	RCL 03			STO 17 CLA	
30	/ 10 <sup>x</sup> CLA		80	ARCL 04 AVIEW GO TO 00 →	
	ARCL 05 "E / X ="			Δ LBL I RCL 10	
35	ARCL X PROMPT • FS? 07 GO TO 09 → GO TO 07 →		85	"STO 05 ? PAIR" PROMPT	
	Δ LBL 08 DSE 17 ← RTN			2 x 17	
40	CLA "STRAIGHT. LINE"		90	+ STO 10	
	AVIEW PSE			• SF 01 RCL IND 10	
45	"CONTINUE? 10 PROMPT LE GO STO 07		95	XEQ 02 → RCL IND 10 XEQ 03 →	
				Σ - • CF 01	
250			3 (X)	1 ST - 10	

**PROGRAM LISTING**  
**PROGRAMMAUFLISTUNG**  
**LISTAGE DU PROGRAMME**  
**LISTATO DI PROGRAMMA**

Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Keystrokes Tastenfolge Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti	Line Zeile Ligne Linea	Key pressed Tastenfolge Touches Tasti	Comments Kommentar Commentaires Commenti
3 01	- SF 04		51		
	XEQ 01 ⇒				
	RCL 05				
	STO 10				
05	0		55		
	STO 05				
	GO TO 01 →				
308	END				
10			60		
15			65		
20			70		
25			75		
30			80		
35			85		
40			90		
45			95		
50			00		

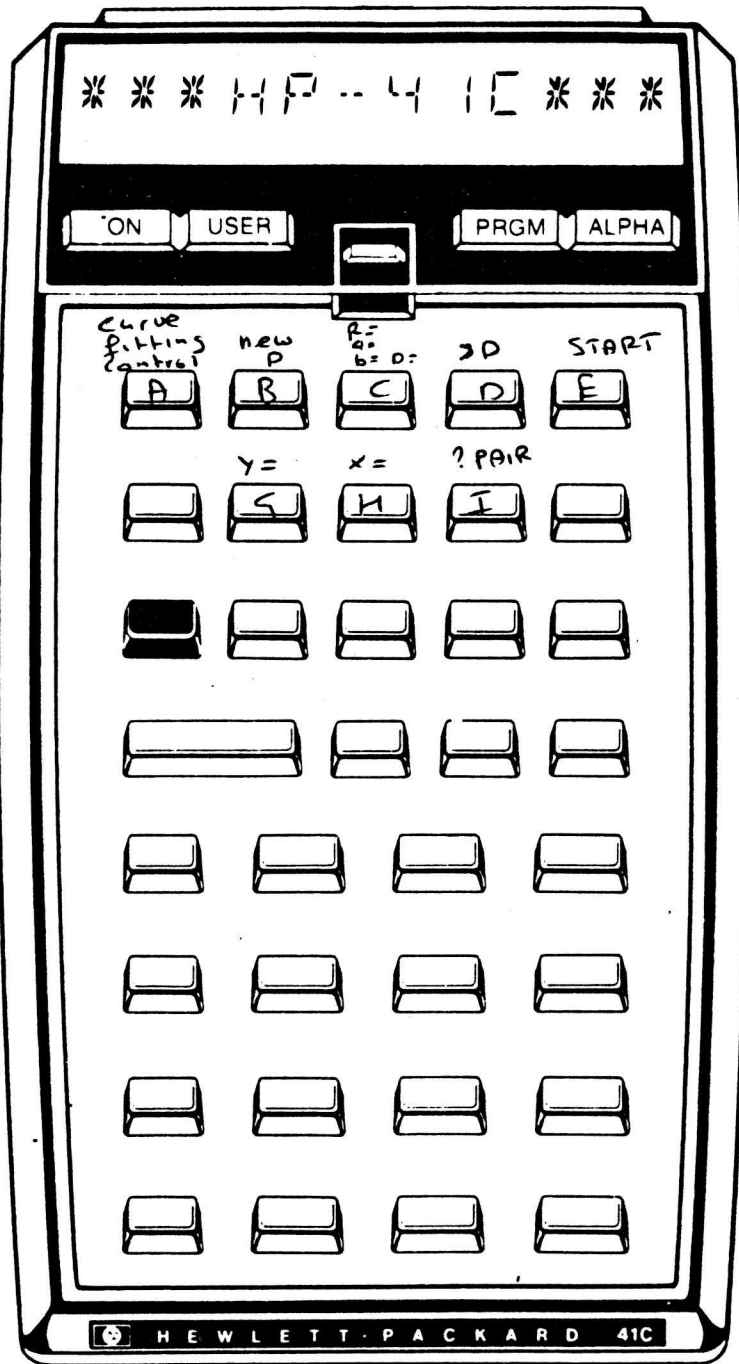
Please use paper glue to attach listings. Adhesive tape may affect print!  
 Bitte Listings mit Papierleim einkleben. Klebefilme können Druck bleichen!

S.V.P. utilisez de la colle à papier pour fixer les listings. Les rubans adhésifs peuvent altérer l'impression!  
 Per favore usare la colla per fissare i listati. Il nastro adesivo può alterare lo stampato!

**REGISTERS, STATUS, FLAGS**  
**REGISTERBELEGUNG, FLAGS, BETRIEBSARTEN**  
**REGISTRES, INDICATEURS, MODES OPÉRATEIRES**  
**REGISTRI, MODI OPERATIVI, FLAGS**

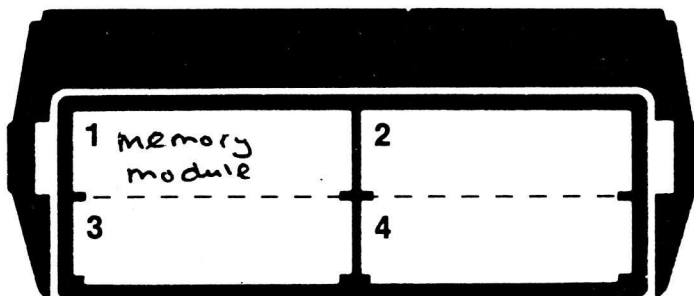
Registers Datenspeicher Registres de données Registri			Status Betriebsart Modes opératoires Modi operativi			
00	$\sum xy - \frac{\sum x \sum y}{n}$	50	Size 19 + 0		Total Reg. _____	User Mode
	$\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}$		Eng <input type="checkbox"/>	Fix <input type="checkbox"/>	Sci <input type="checkbox"/>	On <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	$\sum y^2 - \frac{(\sum y)^2}{n}$		Deg <input type="checkbox"/>	Rad <input type="checkbox"/>	Grad <input type="checkbox"/>	Off <input type="checkbox"/>
	a		Purpose			
	R		Bedeutung			
05	$x \text{ arg. } \rightarrow y' \text{ or } x'$	55	Signification			
	C		Scopo			
	D actual		00			
	D		01	Calling- x, y pairs	X	
	b		02	Decrease D by 5%	X	Increase D by 10%
10	pair counter + 10	60	03			
	$\sum x$		04	Wrong data input	X	
	$\sum x^2$		05			
	$\sum y$		06			
	$\sum y^2$		07	Curve fitting control	X	
	$\sum x^2$	65	08			
	n		09			
	loop counter		10			
	y		11	Audio execute		
20	$\begin{cases} y_1 \\ x_1 \end{cases}$	70	12			
	$\begin{cases} y_2 \\ x_2 \end{cases}$		13			
	$\begin{cases} y_3 \\ x_3 \end{cases}$		14			
			15			
			16			
25	↓ s.o.	75	17			
			18			
			19			
			20			
			21	Printer Enable		
			22	Number Input	α	
30		80	23	Alpha Input		
			24	Range Ignore		
			25	Error Ignore	X	
			26	Audio Enable		
			27	User Mode		
35		85	28	Decimal Point		
			29	Digit Grouping		
			Assignments Tastenbelegung / Assignations / Assegnamenti			
40		90	Function Funktion Fonction Funzione	Key Taste Touche Tasto	Function Funktion Fonction Funzione	Key Taste Touche Tasto
			Curve fitting control	A	To correct data	I
			Enter new D	B	LD	F
45		95	See back R, a, b, D	C		
			continue increasing D	D		
			Start calculating	E		
			To calculate y	J		
		99	To calculate x	H		

# SYSTEM CONFIGURATION CONFIGURAZIONE DEL SISTEMA



Assignments  
Belegungen  
Assignments  
Assegnamenti

Configuration  
Belegung  
Configuration  
Configurazione



Magnetic card  
Magnetkarte  
Carte magnétique  
Scheda magnetica

